and its failure to address the land and water conservation and management needs of our nation. The Land and Water Conservation Fund has been a valuable program for my district. This has been a fund to assist communities in helping preserve open space to protect and conserve unique landscapes. The cut in funding for the Land and Water Conservation Fund is a cut in land conservation for Colorado.

For those who know, the 3rd Congressional District is comprised of rural communities containing millions of acres of public lands. These public lands are managed by the U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, National Park Service, and the Fish and Wildlife Service. These agencies and public lands provide many benefits for the local communities in my district. I am disappointed with the decrease in funding to these agencies in this year's Interior Appropriations Conference Report. These agencies have to maintain a difficult balance of managing our nation's public lands with budget constraints. By cutting funding to these agencies it makes it very difficult for them to maintain their current management practices and leaves our nation's public lands in jeopardy.

With that being said, this report does have some positive aspects. The funding of \$5.6 billion for Indian programs is beneficial for school and hospital construction, education grants, human services programs, and law enforcement needs. These programs are essential for the Native American reservations within my district.

More often than not, in the West, the Federal Government is not just your neighbor, it is the entire neighborhood. Since most of my district cannot raise taxes, Payment in Lieu of Funding is vital. These counties with public lands within their boundaries need this funding for schools, roads, and other infrastructure needs. This program has never been fully funded, yet my counties are dependent upon this program. I hope to see this program fully funded next year.

I also want to see continued funding for the National Fire Plan and the forest health initiatives. These programs need to see increased funding due to the continued drought periods in the West and the current pine beetle epidemic. If the beetle infestations are not addressed, we will continue to see our forests

decimated. These insects will continue to cause fire hazards in our nation's forests if we do not get them under control.

I urge Congress next year to fully fund these agency budgets. This is critical to the Western States and our existence.

Finally, Mr. Speaker, I would like to thank Representatives OBEY and DICKS for their assistance in securing \$100,000 for Montrose's City Hall Renovation Project. The City Hall building of Montrose was built in 1926 and has been well preserved throughout the years. However, as the City and County continues to grow, so too must the building in order to accommodate the needs of the people. Preserving and expanding the City Hall building in Montrose will allow us to keep a part of history alive for future generations of Colorado. Mr. Speaker once again I urge my colleagues to vote in favor of this legislation. We need to sure up our VA budget so we can continue to provide critical health care services to our nation's veterans. In the future we need to restore the Land and Water Conservation funding and fully fund our agencies budgets.

Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DICKS. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. WALDEN of Oregon). Without objection the previous question is ordered on the conference report.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the conference report.

Pursuant to clause 10 of rule XX the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. LEWIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks and that I may include tabular and extraneous material on the conference report to accompany H.R. 2985.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

CONFERENCE REPORT ON H.R. 2985, LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPRO-PRIATIONS ACT, 2006

Mr. LEWIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I call up the conference report on the bill (H.R. 2985), making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2006, and for other purposes.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 396, the conference report is considered read.

(For conference report and statement see proceedings of the House of July 26, 2005 at Page H6628.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from California (Mr. LEWIS) and the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) each will control 30 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California (Mr. LEWIS).

Mr. LEWIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I might consume. I do not expect that we will use very much of our time, Mr. Speaker.

The conference report I bring forth today to fund the legislative branch involves those activities providing some \$3 billion, 800 million, an increase of 4.5 percent over the year 2005.

Mr. Speaker, the adjustments upward almost entirely represent increased expenditures for our police services and security around the Capitol campus, and, beyond that, expenses that are directly related to the development of the Congressional Visitors Center.

Otherwise the bill is absolutely flat in terms of spending over 2005–2006. It is a very, very lean bill. I urge the Members to support the bill.

Mr. Speaker, I submit the following for the RECORD:

	FY 2005 Enacted	FY 2006 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
	Lilacteu				·····	·····
TITLE I - LEGISLATIVE BRANCH						
SENATE						
Expense allowances:						
Vice President	20	20		20	20	
President Pro Tempore of the Senate	40 40	40 40		40 40	40 40	
Minority Leader of the Senate	40	40		40	40	
Majority Whip of the Senate	10	10		10	10	
Minority Whip of the Senate President Pro Tempore Emeritus of the Senate	10 15	10 15		10 15	10 15	
Chairman of the Majority Conference Committee	5	5		5	5	
Chairman of the Minority Conference Committee	5 5	5		5	5	
Chairman of the Majority Policy Committee Chairman of the Minority Policy Committee	5	5 5		5 5	5 5	
Subtotal, expense allowances	195	195		195	195	
Representation allowances for the Majority and						
Minority Leaders	30	30		30	30	
Total, Expense allowances and representation	225	225		225	225	
Salaries, Officers and Employees						
Office of the Vice President	2,108	2,181		2,181	2,181	+73
Office of the President Pro Tempore	561	582		582	582	+21
Office of the President Pro Tempore Emeritus Offices of the Majority and Minority Leaders	163 3,808	290 4,340		290 4,340	290 4,340	+127 +532
Offices of the Majority and Minority Whips	2,556	2,644		2,644	2,644	+88
Committee on Appropriations	13,301	13,758		13,758	13,758	+457
Conference committees Offices of the Secretaries of the Conference of the	2,826	2,940		2,940	2,940	+114
Majority and the Conference of the Minority	702	728		728	728	+26
Policy Committees Office of the Chaplain	2,946 341	3,048 354		3,048 354	3,048	+102
Office of the Secretary	19,586	20,866		20,866	354 20,866	` +13 +1,280
Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper Offices of the Secretaries for the Majority and	50,635	57,743		56,700	56,700	+6,065
Minority	1,528	1,584		1,584	1,584	+56
Outlays	33,779	37,105	•••	37,105 	37,105 	+3,326
Total, Salaries, officers and employees	134,840	148,163		147,120	147,120	+12,280
Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate						
Salaries and expenses	5,152	5,437		5,437	5,437	+285
Office of Senate Legal Counsel						
Salaries and expenses	1,265	1,306		1,306	1,306	+41
Expense Allowances of the Secretary of the Senate, Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, and Secretaries for the Majority and Minority of the						
Senate: Expenses allowances	24	24		24	24	
Contingent Expenses of the Senate						
Inquiries and investigations Expenses of United States Senate Caucus on	110,000	119,637		119,637	119,637	+9,637
International Narcotics Control	520	520	• • •	520	520	
Secretary of the Senate	1,700 127,182	1,900 162,225	•••	1,980 142,000	1,980 142,000	+280 `+14,818
Miscellaneous items	18,326	18,326		17,000	17,000	-1,326
Senators' Official Personnel and Office Expense Account	320,660	364,985		350.000	350,000	+29,340
Official Mail Costs	520,000	007,000		330,000	330,000	128,340
Expenses	300	300		300	300	
Total, Contingent expenses of the Senate ==	578,688 ==================================	667,893 ====================================		631,437 ====================================	631,437	+52,749 ========
Total, Senate	720,194	823,048		785,549	785,549	+65,355

	FY 2005 Enacted	FY 2006 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES						
Payments to Widows and Heirs of Deceased Members of Congress (emergency) (P.L. 109-13)	162		•••			-162
Salaries and Expenses						
House Leadership Offices						
Office of the Speaker	2,708 2,027 2,840 1,741 1,303 470 881	2,788 2,089 2,928 1,797 1,345 482 906	2,788 2,089 2,928 1,797 1,345 482 906	2,788 2,089 2,928 1,797 1,345 482 906	2,788 2,089 2,928 1,797 1,345 482 906	+80 +62 +88 +56 +42 +12 +25
Republican Conference. Republic Policy Committee. Democratic Steering and Policy Committee. Democratic Caucus. Nine minority employees.	1,500 1,589 792 1,409	1,548 307 1,945 816 1,445	1,548 307 1,945 816 1,445	1,548 307 1,945 816 1,445	1,548 307 1,945 816 1,445	+48 +307 +356 +24 +36
Training and Program Development: Majority Minority	290 290	290 290	290 290	290 290	290 290	
Cloakroom Personnel: Majority Minority	419 419	434 434	434 434	434 434	434 434	+15 +15
Subtotal, House Leadership Offices	18,678	19,844	19,844	19,844	19,844	+1,166
Members' Representational Allowances Including Members' Clerk Hire, Official Expenses of Members, and Official Mail						`
Expenses	525,195	564,536	538,109	538,109	542,109	+16,914
Committee Employees						
Standing Committees, Special and Select Committee on Appropriations (including studies and investigations)	113,499 24,726	117,913 25,668	117,913 25,668	117,913 25,668	117,913 25,668	+4,414 +942
Subtotal, Committee employees	138,225	143,581	143,581	143,581	143,581	+5,356
Salaries, Officers and Employees	,		,	110,001	110,001	.0,000
Office of the Clerk	20,534 5,879 143,645 3,986	21,911 6,284 119,804 3,991	21,911 6,284 116,971 3,991	21,911 6,284 116,971 3,991	21,911 6,284 121,471 3,991	+1,377 +405 -22,174 +5
and Operations	1,000 962 155 1,673 (1,459)	5,000 962 161 1,767 (1,546)	5,000 962 161 1,767 (1,546)	5,000 962 161 1,767 (1,546)	5,000 962 161 1,767 (1,546)	+4,000 +6 +94 (+87)
Representatives	(214) 2,346 6,721 687 156	(221) 2,453 6,963 720 161	(221) 2,453 6,963 720 161 405	(221) 2,453 6,963 720 161 405	(221) 2,453 6,963 720 161 405	(+7) +107 +242 +33 +5 +405
Subtotal, Salaries, officers and employees	187,744	170,177	167,749	167,749	172,249	-15,495
Allowances and Expenses						
Supplies, materials, administrative costs and Federal tort claims	4,350	4,179	4,179	4,179	4,179	-171
and administrative offices of the House Government contributions	410 203,900	410 214,422	410 214,422	410 214,422	410 214,422	+10,522

	(,				
	FY 2005 Enacted	FY 2006 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Miscellaneous items	690	703 9,965	703 3,410	703 3,410	703 3,410	\ +13 +3,410
Subtotal, Allowances and expenses	209,350	229,679	223,124	223,124	223,124	+13,774
Total, Salaries and expenses	1,079,192	1,127,817	1,092,407	1,092,407	1,100,907	+21,715
Total, House of Representatives	1,079,354	1,127,817	1,092,407	1,092,407	1,100,907	+21,553
JOINT ITEMS						
Joint Economic Committee	4,139 8,366	4,276 8,781	4,276 8,781	4,276 8,781	4,276 8,781	+137 +415
Office of the Attending Physician						`
Medical supplies, equipment, expenses, and allowances. Capitol Guide Service and Special Services Office Statements of Appropriations	2,508 3,844 30	2,545 4,098 30	2,545 4,268 30	2,545 4,098 30	2,545 4,098 30	+37 +254
Total, Joint items	18,887	19,730	19,900	19,730	19,730	+843
CAPITOL POLICE						
Salaries	201,812 39,657	230,191 59,948	210,350 29,345	222,600 42,000	217,456 32,000	+15,644 -7,657
Total, Capitol Police	241,469	290,139	239,695	264,600	249,456	+7,987
OFFICE OF COMPLIANCE						
Salaries and expenses	2,402	3,112	3,112	3,112	3,112	+710
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE						
Salaries and expenses	34,640	35,853	35,450	35,853	35,450	+810
ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL						
General administration. Capitol building. Capitol grounds. Senate office buildings. House office buildings. Capitol Power Plant. Offsetting collections.	79,704 28,626 15,118 61,586 64,830 60,744 -4,365	76,982 27,105 7,801 65,564 68,698 65,755 -6,500	77,002 22,097 7,723 59,616 65,185 -6,600	76,522 25,380 7,061 67,004 59,616 65,317 -6,500	76,812 23,352 7,511 67,004 59,616 65,285 -6,600	-2,892 -5,274 -7,607 +5,418 -5,214 +4,541 -2,235
Net subtotal, Capitol Power Plant	56,379		58,585	58,817	58,685	+2,306
Library buildings and grounds Capitol police buildings and grounds. Botanic garden Capitol Visitor Center CVC Project (cost-to-complete) CVC Operations	39,776 9,906 6,275	83,318 34,959 10,613 36,900 35,285	31,318 16,830 7,211 36,900	70,948 10,031 7,633 41,900 2,300	68,763 14,902 7,633 41,900 2,300	+28,987 +4,996 +1,358 +41,900 +2,300
		=======================================		=======================================	=======================================	
Total, Capitol Visitor Center		72,185	36,900	44,200	44,200	+44,200
Total, Architect of the Capitol	362,200	506,480	317,282	427,212	428,478	+66,278
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS						
Salaries and expenses	381,593 -6,299	409,079 -6,350	388,144 -6,350	397,285 -6,350	395,754 -6,350	+14,161 -51
Subtotal, Salaries and expenses	375,294	402,729	381,794	390,935	389,404	+14,110

	FY 2005 Enacted	FY 2006 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Copyright Office, salaries and expenses	53,182 -33,209	58,191 -30,657	58,601 -35,946	57,322 -34,622	58,601 -35,946	+5,419 -2,737
Subtotal, Copyright Office	19,973	27,534	22,655	22,700	22,655	+2,682
Congressional Research Service, salaries and expenses. Books for the blind and physically handicapped,	96,118	105,289	99,952	101,755	100,916	+4,798
Salaries and expenses	53,977	55,243 ====================================	54,049 =========	64,172	54,449 ========	+472 =========
Subtotal, Library of Congress	545,362	590,795	558,450	579,562	567,424	+22,062
Rescission, Chapter 9, Division A, Misc. Appropriations Act, 2001			-15,500		-6,858	-6,858
Total, Library of Congress	545,362	590,795	542,950	579,562	560,566	+15,204
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE						
Congressional printing and binding	88,090	92,283	82,690	88,090	88,090	
Office of Superintendent of Documents						
Salaries and expenses	31,697	33,837	33,337	33,837	33,337	+1,640
Government Printing Office Revolving Fund		5,000	1,200	5,000	2,000	+2,000
Total, Government Printing Office	119,787	131,120	117,227	126,927	123,427	+3,640
GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE						
Salaries and expenses Offsetting collections	474,565 -7,360	493,548 -7,165	489,560 -7,165	491,548 -7,165	489,560 -7,165	+14,995 +195
Total, Government Accountability Office	467,205	486,383	482,395	484,383	482,395	+15,190
OPEN WORLD LEADERSHIP CENTER						
Payment to the Open World Leadership Center Trust Fund	13,392	14,000	14,000	14,000	14,000	+608
STENNIS CENTER FOR PUBLIC SERVICE						
Stennis Center for Public Service				430	430	+430
Sec. 6050 - U.S. Senate (emergency) P.L. 109-13)	35,000					-35,000
Grand total	3,639,892	4,028,477	2,864,418	3,833,765	3,803,500	+163,608

	FY 2005 Enacted	FY 2006 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
RECAPITULATION						
Senate	720,194	823,048		785,549	785,549	+65,355
House of Representatives	1,079,354	1,127,817	1,092,407	1,092,407	1,100,907	+21,553
Joint Items	18,887	19,730	19,900	19,730	19,730	+843
Capitol Police	241,469	290,139	239,695	264,600	249,456	+7,987
Office of Compliance	2,402	3,112	3,112	3,112	3,112	+710
Congressional Budget Office	34,640	35,853	35,450	35,853	35,450	+810
Architect of the Capitol	362,200	506,480	317,282	427,212	428,478	+66,278
Library of Congress	545,362	590,795	542,950	579,562	560,566	+15,204
Government Printing Office	119,787	131,120	117,227	126,927	123,427	+3,640
Government Accountability Office	467,205	486,383	482,395	484,383	482,395	+15,190
Open World Leadership Center	13,392	14,000	14,000	14,000	14,000	+608
Stennis Center for Public Service				430	430	+430
Sec. 6050 - U.S. Senate (emergency) P.L. 109-13)	35,000					-35,000
Grand total	3,639,892	4,028,477	2,864,418	3,833,765	3,803,500	+163,608

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself 5 minutes.

Mr. Speaker, at the risk of beating a dead horse, I would once again like to express my profound misgivings about supporting this bill this afternoon.

Obviously this Chamber has basic expenses, and they have to be paid for, but I want to suggest that I think that the visitors center, which is now being constructed on the east side of the Capitol, is a project which, while it might be desirable, has been managed in such an outlandish fashion that I think before it is done, it is going to bring great embarrassment to this institution.

The fact is that that center started out costing around \$90 million. Before it is finished, it is now going to cost a good \$600 million. It was supposed to be open by 2005. We are going to be lucky if it will be open and fully operational, if we ignore the nice word games that we have been presented by the Architect's office; in fact, we will be lucky if this is fully operational by the year 2007.

In my view, this project has been mismanaged as badly as the entire Federal budget has been mismanaged. That hole that we used to have out here, I think, was symbolic of the hole in logic that has dominated the administration of this entire project.

I have two principal objections to that visitors center. Number one, I think it is far too expensive. And, secondly, I object to the misallocation of

space in that project.

Now, I have seen three different stories that have purportedly reported on my objections to the center. And each of those stories leaves the impression that my major concern is simply that Congress did not have enough room. That is not my point at all.

My point is that when you have such a huge addition of space to the Capitol, that space should be allocated in an intelligent way, in a way which makes Congress more efficient, in a way which gives Congress more working space as opposed to propaganda space.

We are going to have a lot of money lavished on a media center. We are going to have all of the creature comforts that you can imagine for any of the reporters who cover Members of Congress in that media center. But there will be very little done to make this Congress more able to sit down in a timely fashion in conference and work out our differences.

So I think a tremendous amount of space has been wasted. And I think a tremendous amount of taxpayers' dollars have been wasted. And the reason I am voting against this is because I think this is the last chance that any of us will have to ask the leadership of this House and the Architect's office to at least review the way space is being allocated, at least review the way taxpayer dollars are being expended.

We are going to have, when this project is over, we will have a project

which is cosmetically beautiful, no question about that. There will be lots of Taj Mahal marble show space, but there will be very little working space that will be added.

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I think that if we are not getting the biggest bang from the buck we ought to be getting out of a project like this. I do believe that not only is the cost of this project out of control, I think the heating center project which is also ongoing is also going to wind up embarrassing this institution significantly.

So I intend to vote "no." I am not going to particularly try to ask anyone to vote any which way, but I intend to vote "no" because I think this visitor center represents a missed opportunity and a spectacular case of mismanagement and wasting of taxpayer funds.

Mr. LEWIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, it is by way of suggesting to my colleagues in the body that my friend, the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY), is raising serious questions regarding the visitor center, and because of that focus he has not spent a lot of time today talking about the fundamentals of this bill that relate to supporting the institution, the work of the legislative branch, an effort which is fundamental to our being successful as a legislative branch.

The gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) and I share together great concern about making sure that work goes forward and goes forward successfully. We are partners. In connection with this, I, frankly, today would like to predict at least that somewhere out there before we leave the Congress, the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) and I together will walk with our brides through this visitors centers and have different kinds of observations. We will enjoy much of the Taj, but in the meantime it will be a fabulous addition to the Congress, the largest addition that has been made in our lifetime at any rate, my public affairs life-

I am very proud of the work of this subcommittee, the work they have done to carry forward the effort of the legislative branch

Mr. Speaker, if the gentleman would not mind, I would like to take just a moment to ask my colleague, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. LAHOOD), to kind of introduce your piece of that because the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) and he share similar interests regarding the real work of the legislative branch.

Mr. Speaker, I yield such time as he may consume to the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. LAHOOD).

(Mr. LAHOOD asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. Lahood. Mr. Speaker, I just want to say this is a good bill. It is a bill that every Member should support. It is a bill that takes care of all the

things that get done around here. Every day there is a RECORD printed of every word that is spoken in the House. Every day there are Clerks that show up here that help the Members. Every day there are people here that take care of the security of the Capitol. Every day there are people here to make sure that we can come and do our work and this bill takes care of all of that.

That is why it is a bill that is absolutely critical to every Member of this institution. It is a bill that I think highlights some of the important things that have gone on and will go on around here in terms of opportunities to enhance the facilities, one of the most beautiful, magnificent buildings in the world, and the one across the street, the Library of Congress, is also accounted for, and the staff that work there and provide the kind of resources, the people that do the research that help us write the bills around here and all of that staff.

There is also in this bill the opportunity not only to enhance a visitors center, which may not be perfect but one that is sorely needed, but there are also provisions in this bill to account for what happens if some sort of national calamity would fall upon the United States Capitol, the idea of continuity and how we should succeed ourselves around here. I think that is an important part of it.

I hope during our deliberations next year we can consider some sort of governance board for the visitors center to account for maybe a little bit more opportunity to look at how it should be run and how it should be operated. But this is a good bill.

This is the bill that says to all of the people that make this institution work, we are grateful to you. This is the bill that says to all the people who help us get our jobs done, we thank you for what you do. And this is a bill that deserves the support of every Member of the Chamber.

I encourage all Members to vote "aye" on the legislative branch bill so that we can continue to keep the operations of the United States Capitol, the House of Representatives, the United States Senate, and all the workings of this great institution going.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, let me thank the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. LAHOOD) for reminding me that I forgot to mention the continuity issue as well. Again, I find myself in the minority.

This is a very important question. What we are talking about here is very simply, what would happen if a large number of Members of Congress were obliterated in some kind of terrorist attack and we were left in a crisis situation? And we have very simply a choice that needs to be made. We have a choice between an operation which would allow the executive branch to essentially operate almost any way it sees fits with perhaps only a handful of

surviving Members for a 45-day period until we can have special elections to replace Members of Congress who might have been killed in such an attack; or we could follow a different model under which we would have this Congress populated for a temporary period by persons who are appointed under a previously prescribed procedure until we could have a special election so that we would again have elected representatives for each of the 435 districts in this House.

I much prefer the latter. I do not think it is a good idea, as this bill does, to, in effect, create a situation in which we would have one-man rule for 45 days. We could have literally only a handful of Members of Congress who had survived an attack, and I do not think under those circumstances that we want to be ruled by a President without any kind of checks and balances whatsoever.

So there is an honest, intellectual difference of opinion on this question. And I think we are going down the wrong road. I think that by choosing the model that was chosen, what is happening is that we are in fact choosing form over substance. It is indeed important to have persons who represent each of our districts be elected representatives. But if the Member from an individual district is blown away in a terrorist attack, it is in my judgment, better that that district be represented on a temporary basis by an appointed person rather than having them represented by no one at all for that period.

So that is why I think that this House in its haste to find a solution is going down the wrong road.

Mr. LaHOOD. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. OBEY. I yield to the gentleman from Illinois.

Mr. Lahood. I wonder if the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) would, since I gave him a friendly reminder, would be willing to vote for the bill now as a result from the fact now that you could now expound on

this for another 5 minutes?

Mr. OBEY. No, I do not think so. I think there is always room in this place for protest votes, and this is one occasion when I intend to exercise it; but I thank the gentleman for his efforts.

Mr. LEWIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. LAHOOD).

Mr. LAHOOD. Mr. Speaker, I just want to say this. We did have a very spirited debate on this issue of continuity. We really did. I do not know if there were 5 or 6 or 7 hours, but the gentleman from Washington (Mr. BAIRD) had his chance to present his bill and have a vote on it. And, frankly, not very many Members voted for it. And we did have a good debate about it, but I think ultimately the Speaker decided that we have to get on with this issue and this was the place to put

It may not be the best place, but it is in this bill because I think the Speaker felt an obligation that we have to deal with this issue at some point. It may not be perfect, but we did have a very good debate about it, and I think that is why it is included in the bill.

I thank the chairman for allowing me to explain that.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. LEWIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time. The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. WALDEN of Oregon). Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the conference report.

There was no objecton.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the conference report.

Pursuant to clause 10 of rule XX, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT. 2006

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of agreeing to the conference report on the bill, H.R. 2361, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the conference report.

Pursuant to clause 10 of rule XX, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for the electronic vote on the question of adoption of the conference report on H.R. 2985.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 410, nays 10, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 450] YEAS—410

Bonner Abercrombie Chabot Bono Ackerman Chandler Aderholt Boozman Chocola Akin Boren Clav Boswell Cleaver Alexander Allen Boucher Clyburn Coble Baca Boustany Cole (OK) Bachus Boyd Bradley (NH) Baird Conaway Brady (PA) Baker Convers Baldwin Brady (TX) Cooper Barrett (SC) Brown (OH) Costa Barrow Brown (SC) Costello Bartlett (MD) Brown, Corrine Crenshaw Barton (TX) Brown-Waite. Crowley Ginny Bass Cubin Burgess Culberson Bean Burton (IN) Beauprez Cummings Butterfield Cunningham Becerra Berkley Buyer Davis (AL) Calvert Berman Davis (CA) Berry Camp Davis (IL) Biggert Cannon Davis (KY) Bilirakis Cantor Davis (TN) Bishop (GA) Capito Davis, Jo Ann Bishop (NY) CappsDavis, Tom Bishop (UT) Capuano Deal (GA) Blackburn Cardin DeFazio Blumenauer Cardoza DeGette Carnahan Blunt Delahunt Boehlert Carter DeLauro Roehner Case DeLay Castle Bonilla Dent

Diaz-Balart, L Kind Diaz-Balart, M. King (IA) Dicks King (NY) Doggett Kingston Doolittle Kirk Dovle Kline Knollenberg Drake Kolbe Dreier Edwards Kucinich Kuhl (NY) Ehlers Emanuel LaHood Emerson Langevin Engel Lantos English (PA) Larsen (WA) Eshoo Larson (CT) Etheridge Latham Evans LaTourette Everett Leach Farr Lee Fattah Levin Lewis (CA) Feeney Lewis (GA) Ferguson Lewis (KY) Filner Fitzpatrick (PA) Linder Foley Lipinski Forbes LoBiondo Ford Lofgren, Zoe Fortenberry Lowey Fossella Lucas Lungren, Daniel Foxx Frank (MA) E. Frelinghuysen Mack Gallegly Malonev Garrett (NJ) Manzullo Gerlach Marchant Gibbons Markey Marshall Gilchrest Gingrey Matheson Gohmert Matsui Gonzalez McCarthy Goode McCaul (TX) Goodlatte McCollum (MN) McCotter Gordon Granger McCrery Green (WI) McDermott McGovern Green, Al Green, Gene McHenry Grijalva McHugh Gutierrez McIntyre Gutknecht McKeon Hall McKinney Harman McMorris Harris McNulty Hart Meehan Hastert Meek (FL) Hastings (FL) Meeks (NY) Hastings (WA) Melancon Hayes Menendez Hayworth Mica Michaud Herger Herseth Millender-McDonaldHiggins Hinchey Miller (FL) Hinoiosa Miller (MI) Hobson Miller (NC) Hoekstra Miller, Gary Holden Miller, George Mollohan Holt Honda Moore (KS) Hooley Moore (WI) Hostettler Moran (KS) Hoyer Moran (VA) Hulshof Murphy Hunter Murtha Hvde Musgrave Inglis (SC) Myrick Inslee Nådler Israel Napolitano Issa. Neal (MA) Istook Neugebauer Ney Northup Jackson (IL) Jackson-Lee (TX) Norwood Jefferson Nunes Jenkins Nussle Jindal Oberstar Johnson (CT) Ohev Johnson (IL) Ortiz Johnson, E. B. Osborne Johnson Sam Otter Jones (OH) Owens Kanjorski Oxley Kaptur Pallone Pascrell Keller

Kelly

Kildee

Kennedy (MN)

Kennedy (RI)

Kilpatrick (MI)

Pastor

Pavne

Pearce

Pelosi

Peterson (MN)

Wamp

Pickering Pitts Platts Poe Pombo Pomerov Porter Price (GA) Price (NC) Pryce (OH) Putnam Radanovich Rahall Ramstad Rangel Regula Rehberg Reichert Reyes Reynolds Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Ros-Lehtinen Ross Rothman Roybal-Allard Royce Ruppersberger Ryan (OH) Rvan (WI) Ryun (KS) Sabo Salazar Sánchez, Linda т Sanchez, Loretta Sanders Saxton Schiff Schwartz (PA) Schwarz (MI) Scott (VA) Sensenbrenner Serrano Sessions Shadegg Shaw Shavs Sherman Sherwood Shimkus Shuster Simmons Simpson Skelton Slaughter Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Snyder Sodrel Solis Souder Spratt Stark Stearns Strickland Stupak Sullivan Sweeney Tancredo Tanner Tauscher Taylor (MS) Taylor (NC) Terry Thomas Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Thornberry Tiahrt Tiberi Tierney Towns Turner Udall (CO) Udall (NM) Upton Van Hollen Velázquez Visclosky Walden (OR) Walsh